

SEX BY OCCUPATION FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER
Universe: Civilian employed population 16 years and over
2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

[2013](#)
[2012](#)
[2011](#)
[2010](#)
[2009](#)
[2008](#)
[2007](#)
[2006](#)
[2005](#)

1
73
of
73

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	352,822	+/-5,552
Male:	190,610	+/-4,233
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	59,146	+/-3,424
Management, business, and financial occupations:	24,565	+/-2,136
Management occupations	19,383	+/-1,808
Business and financial operations occupations	5,182	+/-1,014
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	17,543	+/-2,215
Computer and mathematical occupations	4,766	+/-1,318
Architecture and engineering occupations	8,084	+/-1,427
Life, physical, and social science occupations	4,693	+/-1,388
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	13,666	+/-1,838
Community and social service occupations	3,499	+/-918
Legal occupations	1,251	+/-417
Education, training, and library occupations	6,505	+/-1,259
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2,411	+/-957
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	3,372	+/-923
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	2,401	+/-693
Health technologists and technicians	971	+/-592
Service occupations:	26,498	+/-2,736
Healthcare support occupations	1,219	+/-537
Protective service occupations:	5,801	+/-960
Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	3,160	+/-781
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	2,641	+/-679
Food preparation and serving related occupations	9,231	+/-1,678
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	6,232	+/-1,347
Personal care and service occupations	4,015	+/-1,074
Sales and office occupations:	30,737	+/-3,043
Sales and related occupations	15,704	+/-2,229
Office and administrative support occupations	15,033	+/-1,903
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	42,628	+/-2,718
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	3,912	+/-765
Construction and extraction occupations	24,144	+/-2,143
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	14,572	+/-1,950
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	31,601	+/-3,229
Production occupations	9,253	+/-1,364
Transportation occupations	12,930	+/-2,001
Material moving occupations	9,418	+/-2,144
Female:	162,212	+/-3,399
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	67,302	+/-3,596
Management, business, and financial occupations:	22,314	+/-1,970
Management occupations	13,478	+/-1,503
Business and financial operations occupations	8,836	+/-1,457
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	5,351	+/-1,207
Computer and mathematical occupations	1,169	+/-426
Architecture and engineering occupations	1,684	+/-842
Life, physical, and social science occupations	2,498	+/-648
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	26,817	+/-2,412
Community and social service occupations	5,418	+/-1,035
Legal occupations	2,432	+/-810
Education, training, and library occupations	16,693	+/-1,901
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	2,274	+/-825
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations:	12,820	+/-1,755
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	8,594	+/-1,425
Health technologists and technicians	4,226	+/-1,068
Service occupations:	30,808	+/-2,597
Healthcare support occupations	6,215	+/-1,108
Protective service occupations:	1,277	+/-399
Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	763	+/-343
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	514	+/-251
Food preparation and serving related occupations	9,161	+/-1,631
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	4,329	+/-969
Personal care and service occupations	9,826	+/-1,572
Sales and office occupations:	55,595	+/-3,467
Sales and related occupations	15,876	+/-1,959
Office and administrative support occupations	39,719	+/-2,965
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	1,937	+/-756
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	331	+/-184
Construction and extraction occupations	1,270	+/-669
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	336	+/-236
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	6,570	+/-1,317
Production occupations	2,885	+/-723
Transportation occupations	2,525	+/-840
Material moving occupations	1,160	+/-764

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

In data year 2013, there were a series of changes to data collection operations that could have affected some estimates. These changes include the addition of Internet as a mode of data collection, the end of the content portion of Failed Edit Follow-Up interviewing, and the loss of one monthly panel due to the Federal Government shut down in October 2013. For more information, see: [User Notes](#)

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

While the 2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.